

4

Pets

have got / has got w zdaniach twierdzących

1 Przepisz zdania, używając form skróconych: 've got lub 's got.

1. I have got a good idea.

I've got a good idea.

2. You have got a guitar.

.....

3. He has got a football.

.....

4. She has got a cake.

.....

5. We have got a barbecue.

.....

6. They've got a swimming pool.

.....

...let's have a party!

2 Spójrz na obrazki i uzupełnij zdania za pomocą 've got lub 's got.

1. I 've got a r.....

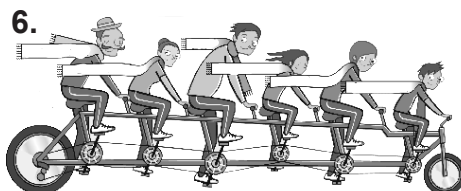
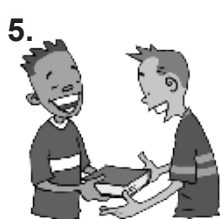
2. You two m

3. He a s

4. She two w

5. We a b

6. They a very long b



3 Uzupełnij luki, wpisując 've got lub 's got.

I (1) 've got a friend called Zingbat. He (2) green hair, three heads and six eyes. He (3) pet.

It (4) purple wings, one head and two eyes.

I (5) two heads and four eyes. Together, Zingbat, his pet and I (6) 12 eyes. SEE you soon!

have got / has got w zdaniach

4 Zakreśl odpowiednie słowo.

1. I haven't/hasn't got an i-pad.

2. You *haven't/hasn't* got YouTube.

3. He *haven't/hasn't* got a mobile phone.

4. She *haven't/hasn't* got an MP3 player.

5. It *haven't/hasn't* got a camera.

6. We *haven't/hasn't* got a TV.

5 Napisz zdania według wzoru.

1. I/sister

I haven't got a sister.

2. You/ticket

.....

3. Tom/pen

.....

4. Shelly/pet

.....

5. This town/park

.....

6. Lily and Oliver/a CD player

.....

have got / has got w zdaniach pytających



6 Dopasuj odpowiedzi do pytań.

1. Have you got time for a cup of tea? **D**
2. Has she got a brother?
3. Have we got a nice classroom?
4. Have they got birds in the pet shop?
5. Has he got a new computer game?
6. Has this sandwich got cheese in it?

- A. Yes, it has. This one has got ham, too.
 B. Yes, they have. They are small and they sing.
 C. No, she hasn't. She's got a sister.
 D. No, I haven't. I'm late for school.
 E. Yes, we have. It's big and clean.
 F. No, he hasn't. It's an old game.

7 Napisz krótkie odpowiedzi według wskazówek.

1. Has Nina got a baby brother?
 Yes, she has.
2. Have you got your school books?

3. Has your dad got a motorbike?

4. Have they got a drink?

5. Has your granny got a skateboard?

6. Have you and your friend got your bikes today?

8 Uzupełnij pytania.

1. **Have we got** a new teacher?
 Yes, we have. He's English.
2. a black cat?
 No, she hasn't. She's got a dog.
3. short hair?
 Yes, he has. It's short and black.
4. nice eyes?
 Yes, you have. They are a beautiful colour.
5. a pet spider?
 No, I haven't! I don't like spiders.
6. a boat on the lake?
 Yes, they have. It is big and white.

9 Napisz zdania twierdzące (☑), przeczące (☒) lub pytające (?), używając skróconych form **have got**. Pamiętaj, że zdanie rozpoczynamy wielką literą.

1. my phone/camera
 My phone's got a camera
2. Ruby's cat/a tail

3. he/a rabbit
 ?
4. the monster/one big tooth

5. snakes/legs

6. you/a big mirror in your bedroom
 ?

10 Popraw błędy.

1. Chloe ~~haven't~~ got a hamster. **hasn't**
2. Are you got my bag?
3. We haven't get a shop in our village.
4. Have you got a pen?
 Yes, I have got.
5. We're got a box of chocolates.
6. Has your mum got a purple car?
 No, she's not.

